

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Acetone This SDS is valid for all grades that start with catalog numbers C1100-1110, AS-A1500-200L. These grades meet or exceed ASTM D329.

1. IDENTIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF SUPPLIER

Product Identifier: Synonyms: Other means of identification: High Purity Chemicals Dimethyl ketone; 2-Propanone; Methyl ketone; CAS No. 67-64-1 EINECS No. 200-662-2

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use: General purpose organic solvent

Supplier Details:

Lab Alley LLC 22111 Highway 71 West, Suite 601, Spicewood, Texas 78669 512-668-9918

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

This material is HAZARDOUS by OSHA Hazard Communication definition. Flammable Liquid. Material can burn with little or no visible flame. May be irritating to the eyes, skin, and respiratory system. May cause central nervous system depression.

OSHA Hazards:

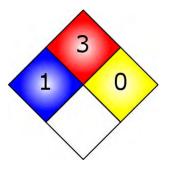
Flammable liquid, Target Organ Effect, Irritant

Target Organs:

Kidney, Liver



NFPA



GHS label elements, including precautionary statements



Signal Word: DANGER!

Hazard statement(s) H225

H319 H336

Precautionary statement(s) P305 + P351 + P338

P210

P403 + P233 P405 P243

GHS Classification(s)

Eye irritation (Category 2) Flammable Liquids (Category 2) Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3)

Other hazards which do not result in classification:

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.



Potential Health Effects:

| Organ | Description | |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Eyes | Causes eye irritation. | |
| Ingestion | May be harmful if swallowed. | |
| Inhalation | May be harmful if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause drowsiness and | |
| | dizziness. | |
| Skin | Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin irritation. | |

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical identity: Common name / Synonym: CAS number: EINECS number: ICSC number: RTECS #: UN #: EC #: Acetone Dimethyl ketone; 2-Propanone; Methyl ketone; 67-64-1 200-662-2 0087 AL3150000 1090 606-001-00-8

| % Weight | Material | CAS |
|----------|----------|---------|
| 100 | Acetone | 67-64-1 |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue and providing first aid. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

Skin

Wash skin with soap and copious amounts of water. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. Seek medical attention. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.

Eyes

Thoroughly flush the eyes with large amounts of clean low-pressure water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion

DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting does occur, have victim lean forward to prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth with water. Seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious individual.

Note to Physician



Necrosis is primary concern after prolonged inhalation of product. Monitor pH balance. If product was ingested, activated charcoal and/or sodium sulfate will reduce absorption.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemicals, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, water fog or alcohol-resistant foam. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical (e.g., nature of any hazardous combustion products):

Carbon oxides expected to be the primary hazardous combustion product.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Keep unopened containers cool by spraying with water.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

- May produce a floating fire hazard.
- Static ignition hazard can result from handling and use.
- Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
- Vapors may settle in low or confined spaces.

Flammable Properties Classification OSHA/NFPA Class IB Flammable Liquid. Flash point -20°C (-4°F) Closed Cup Autoignition temperature 465°C (869°F)

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Do not inhale vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions:

Stop leak. Contain spill if possible and safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Highly flammable liquid. Eliminate all sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling this product must be grounded. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth,



vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Do not get on skin or in eyes. Do not inhale vapor or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the buildup of electrostatic charge. Open and handle container with care. Metal containers involved in the transfer of this material should be grounded and bonded.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilites:

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Consult local fire codes for additional storage information.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters, e.g., occupational exposure limit values or biological limit values:

Occupational Exposure Limits

| Component | Source | Туре | Value | Note |
|-----------|------------|------|---------|------|
| Acetone | US (ACGIH) | STEL | 750 ppm | |
| Acetone | US (ACGIH) | TWA | 500 ppm | |

Appropriate engineering controls:

General room or local exhaust ventilation is usually required to meet exposure limit(s). Electrical equipment should be grounded and conform to applicable electrical code.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Respiratory protection:

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Hand protection:

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Eye protection:

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Use equipment approved by appropriate government standards, such as NIOSH (US) or EN166 (EU) Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.



Skin and body protection:

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Hygiene measures:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance (physical state, color, etc.) | Liquid. Colorless liquid / invisible vapor. |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Odor | Sweet. Alcohol-like |
| Odor threshold | No Data Available. |
| рН | No Data Available. |
| Freezing point | -94°C (-137 °F) |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 56 °C (133 °F) |
| Flash point | -20°C (-4°F) Closed Cup |
| Evaporation rate | Specific data not available - expected to be rapid. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Flammable |
| Upper / Lower flammability or explosive limits | 12.8 %(V) / 2.5%(V) |
| Vapor pressure | 245.3 hPa (184.0 mmHg) at 20.0 °C (68.0 °F) |
| Vapor Density | specific data not available |
| Relative Density | 0.791 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F) |
| Solubility(ies) | completely soluble |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water(ies) | No Data Available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 465 °C (869°F) |
| Decomposition temperature | Not pertinent |
| Formula (ACETONE) | C3H6O |
| Molecular Weight (ACETONE) | 58.08 g/mol |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Chemical Stability | Stable under recommended storage conditions. | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. | |
| Conditions to avoid (e.g., static discharge, shock or vibration) | Heat, flames, and sparks. Extreme temperatures and direct sunlight. | |
| Incompatible materials | Alkali metals, Ammonia, Oxidizing agents, Peroxides, Strong Inorganic Acids | |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Carbon oxides are expected to be, under fire conditions, the primary hazardous decomposition products. | |

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SDS:1100



Acetone 67-64-1

Product Summary:

No data available to show respiratory or skin sensitisation, germ cell mutagenicity, teratogenicity, reproductive toxicity, specific target organ toxicity for repeated exposure or aspiration hazard.

Acute Toxicity:

| LC50 (Inhalation) | Rat | 50,100 mg/m3 | 8 hours |
|-------------------|------------|--------------|---------|
| LD50 (Oral) | Rat | 5,800 mg/kg | |
| LD50 (Skin) | Guinea Pig | 7,426 mg/kg | |

Irritation:

Eyes

Causes eye irritation.

Skin

Slightly irritating to the skin. Repeated contact with neat product may dry the skin causing cracking and/or fissuring.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System)

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Other Hazards

| Organ | Description | |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Eyes | Irritating to the eyes. | |
| Ingestion | Can be harmful if ingested. | |
| Inhalation | Can be harmful if inhaled. Irritating to the respiratory tract. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. | |
| Skin | Harmful if absorbed through skin. Irritating to skin. | |



12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

• Acetone 67-64-1

Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available): Acute Fish Toxicity (ACETONE) LC50 / 96 hours Rainbow Trout 5,540 mg/L

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Other adverse effects: No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging:

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal:

| UN number | 1090 |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| UN proper shipping name | Acetone |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 |
| Packing group (if applicable) | 11 |

Reportable Quantity

5,000 lbs. **IMDG** UN-Number: 1090 Class: 3 Packing Group: II EMS-No: F-E, S-D Proper shipping name: ACETONE Marine pollutant: No **IATA**



UN-Number: 1090 Class: 3 Packing Group: II Proper shipping name: Acetone

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

OSHA Hazards

Flammable liquid, Target Organ Effect, Irritant

All ingredients are on the following inventories or are exempted from listing

| Country | Notification |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| Australia | AICS |
| Canada | DSL |
| China | IECS |
| European Union | EINECS |
| Japan | ENCS/ISHL |
| Korea | ECL |
| New Zealand | NZIoC |
| Philippines | PICCS |
| United States of America | TSCA |

SARA 302 Components

SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard Fire Hazard

CERCLA

Acetone CAS-No. 67-64-1, RQ: 5,000 lbs

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Acetone CAS-No. 67-64-1 Revision Date 2007-03-01

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Acetone CAS-No. 67-64-1 Revision Date 2007-03-01



New Jersey Right To Know Components

Acetone CAS-No. 67-64-1 Revision Date 2007-03-01

California Prop 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION: INCLUDING INFORMATION ON PREPARATION AND REVISION OF THE SDS

Disclaimer

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