

Palmitic Acid**SECTION 1 : Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier****Product name :** Palmitic Acid**Manufacturer/Supplier Trade name:****Manufacturer/Supplier Article number:** C5891**Recommended uses of the product and restrictions on use:****Supplier Details:**

Lab Alley LLC
22111 Highway 71 West, Suite 601
Spicewood, Texas 78669
Tel.: 512-668-9918
www.laballey.com

Emergency telephone number:

InfoTrac: 800-535-5053

SECTION 2 : Hazards identification**Classification of the substance or mixture:**

Not classified for physical or health hazards under GHS.
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Combustible Dust

Hazard statements:**Precautionary statements:**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
Keep out of reach of children
Read label before use
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Keep out of reach of children
Read label before use
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
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Combustible Dust Hazard: :

May form combustible dust concentrations in air (during processing).

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Other Non-GHS Classification:**WHMIS**
NFPA/HMIS

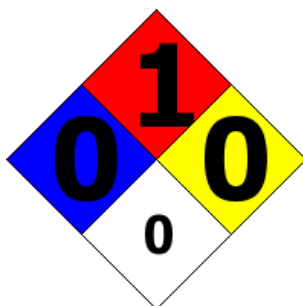
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NFPA SCALE (0-4)

Health	0
Flammability	1
Physical Hazard	0
Personal Protection	X

HMIS RATINGS (0-4)

SECTION 3 : Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients:

CAS 57-10-3	Palmitic acid	>95 %
Percentages are by weight		

SECTION 4 : First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

After inhalation: Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position. Move exposed to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Seek immediate medical attention or advice.

After skin contact: Rinse/flush exposed skin gently using soap and water for 15-20 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention or advice.

After eye contact: Protect unexposed eye. Rinse/flush exposed eye(s) gently using water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing. Seek immediate medical attention or advice.

After swallowing: Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention or advice. Have exposed individual drink sips of water or milk.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Irritation, Nausea, Headache, Shortness of breath. Irritation, Nausea, Headache, Shortness of breath.;

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If seeking medical attention, provide SDS document to physician. Physician should treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 : Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents: Use appropriate fire suppression agents for adjacent combustible materials or sources of ignition. Use water, dry chemical, chemical foam, carbon dioxide, or alcohol-resistant foam.

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Combustion products may include carbon oxides or other toxic vapors. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Advice for firefighters:

Protective equipment: Use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection/breathing apparatus.

Additional information (precautions): Move product containers away from fire or keep cool with water spray as a protective measure, where feasible. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Use spark-proof tools

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and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Avoid inhaling gases, fumes, dust, mist, vapor, and aerosols. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

SECTION 6 : Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear protective equipment. Ensure that air-handling systems are operational. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent from reaching drains, sewer or waterway. Collect contaminated soil for characterization per Section 13. Should not be released into environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Keep in suitable closed containers for disposal. Wear protective eyewear, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8. Always obey local regulations. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Collect solids in powder form using vacuum with (HEPA filter). Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Reference to other sections:

SECTION 7 : Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Refer to Section 8. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store away from incompatible materials. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Keep away from food and beverages. Provide ventilation for containers. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame. Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers. Store with like hazards. Provide ventilation for containers. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame. Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers. Store with like hazards

SECTION 8 : Exposure controls/personal protection



Control Parameters:

, , OSHA PEL TWA (Total Dust) 15 mg/m³ (50 mppcf*)
, , ACGIH TLV TWA (inhalable particles) 10 mg/m³

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Appropriate Engineering controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use/handling. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use under a fume hood. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or dusts (total/respirable) below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use under a fume hood. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use/handling. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or dusts (total/respirable) below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above.

Respiratory protection: Not required under normal conditions of use. When necessary use NIOSH approved breathing equipment. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. When necessary use NIOSH approved breathing equipment. Not required under normal conditions of use. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls.

Protection of skin: Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the substance. Wear protective clothing. Select glove material based on rates of diffusion and degradation. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Use proper glove removal technique without touching outer surface. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Wear protective clothing. Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the substance. Select glove material based on rates of diffusion and degradation. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Use proper glove removal technique without touching outer surface. Avoid skin contact with used gloves.

Eye protection: Wear equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses or goggles are appropriate eye protection. Wear equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses or goggles are appropriate eye protection.

General hygienic measures: Perform routine housekeeping. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Before wearing wash contaminated clothing. Perform routine housekeeping. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Before wearing wash contaminated clothing.

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SECTION 9 : Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state,color):		Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	
Odor:		Vapor pressure:	
Odor threshold:		Vapor density:	
pH-value:		Relative density:	
Melting/Freezing point:		Solubilities:	
Boiling point/Boiling range:		Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	
Flash point (closed cup):		Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	
Evaporation rate:		Decomposition temperature:	
Flammability (solid,gaseous):		Viscosity:	a. Kinematic: b. Dynamic:
Density: Water solubility:0.00005 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F) Surface tension:28.2 mN/m at 70 °C (158 °F)			

SECTION 10 : Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:Nonreactive under normal conditions.

Chemical stability:Stable under normal conditions.Stable under normal conditions.

Possible hazardous reactions:None under normal processing

Conditions to avoid:Incompatible Materials.

Incompatible materials:Strong acids.Strong bases.Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products:

SECTION 11 : Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity:		
Oral:		LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - > 5,000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)
Chronic Toxicity: No additional information.		
Corrosion Irritation: No additional information.		
Sensitization:		No additional information.
Single Target Organ (STOT):		No additional information.
Numerical Measures:		No additional information.

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Carcinogenicity:	IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
Mutagenicity:	No additional information.
Reproductive Toxicity:	No additional information.

SECTION 12 : Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Toxicity to fish : semi-static test LC50 - Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish) - > 1,000 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 4.8 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

Toxicity to algae : static test EC50 - Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) - > 0.9 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

Toxicity to bacteria: Respiration inhibition LC0 - Pseudomonas putida - 3,000 mg/l - 30 min (OECD Test Guideline 209)

Persistence and degradability: Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d Result: 65 % - Readily biodegradable

Bioaccumulative potential:

Mobility in soil:

Other adverse effects:

SECTION 13 : Disposal considerations

Waste disposal recommendations:

Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations. Ensure complete and accurate classification. Dispose of empty containers as unused product. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11).

SECTION 14 : Transport information

UN-Number

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group:

Environmental hazard:

Transport in bulk:

Special precautions for user:

SECTION 15 : Regulatory information

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United States (USA)

SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients is listed

SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients is listed

RCRA (hazardous waste code):

None of the ingredients is listed

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):

None of the ingredients is listed

Proposition 65 (California):

Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients is listed

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed

Canada

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):

None of the ingredients is listed

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):

None of the ingredients is listed

SECTION 16 : Other information

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations. Note: The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

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GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

IATA: International Air Transport Association

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DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

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WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations (USA)

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada)

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